TOPICS

MECHANICS

- \Box Identification of symmetries and conserved quantities. Application of conservation laws.
- \Box One-dimensional motion in a conservative system with an arbitrary potential. The concept of turning points.
- \Box Equilibrium of mechanical systems.
- \Box Lagrangian methods.
- □ The simple harmonic oscillator. Free and damped oscillations, inclusion of external forces, resonance. Calculation of the natural frequency for small oscillations about the minimum of an arbitrary potential.
- \Box Motion in a central potential. Conservation of angular momentum.
- □ Coupled harmonic oscillators. Normal modes of a system of masses, springs and pendula. Solution to initial-value problem.
- □ Rotational motion about a single axis; angular momentum and rotational energy.

Suggested textbooks:

- Thornton and Marion, Classical Dynamics of Particles and Systems
- Fowles and Cassiday, Analytical Mechanics
- Taylor, Classical Mechanics

QUANTUM MECHANICS

- □ Measurements in quantum mechanics: expectation values, possible measurement outcomes and their probabilities. The uncertainty principle.
- \Box Superposition states. Time evolution of superposed states. Amplitudes of the constituent states and their probabilistic interpretation.
- \square Bound-state problems, properties of the spectrum and the wavefunctions (most importantly 1D Dirac δ -function, 1D/2D/3D square well, 1D/2D/3D harmonic oscillator).
- \Box Scattering in 1D. Transmission and reflection from a barrier/well. Quantum tunneling.
- \Box Motion in a central potential. Hydrogen states wavefunctions and energies.

- □ Time-independent non-degenerate perturbation theory: energy corrections to second order; wave function to first order.
- □ Time-independent degenerate perturbation theory. Lifting of degeneracy.
- \Box Angular momentum and spin (half-integer and integer). Spin-1/2 matrices. Addition rules. Hamilitonians with coupling of spin to another spin and to orbital angular momentum.
- \Box Energy of a spin in an external magnetic field. Spin precession.

Suggested textbooks:

- D. J. Griffiths Introduction to Quantum Mechanics
- Gasiorowicz, Quantum Physics
- Beiser, Concepts of Modern Physics

ELECTRICITY AND MAGNETISM

- \Box The electric field due to a static charge distribution. The magnetic field due to a static current distribution. Fields from electric and magnetic dipoles.
- □ Boundary value problems involving slabs, cylinders and spheres. Laplace's and Poisson's equation.
- \Box Fields in matter. Polarization, magnetization.
- \Box Conducting matter. Ohm's Law.
- □ Faraday's Law. Electromagnetic induction.
- □ Electromagnetic wave propagation in vacua and in matter. Reflection and transmission for dielectric and conducting media.
- \Box Motion of a charged particle under the Lorentz force.
- \Box Dipoles (electric and magnetic) in external fields.
- \Box Poynting flux.

Suggested textbooks:

- D. J. Griffiths, Introduction to Electrodynamics
- Lorrain and Corson, *Electromagnetic Fields*

THERMAL AND STATISTICAL PHYSICS

- \Box The first and second laws of thermodynamics and their applications.
- $\Box\,$ Ideal gases.
- \Box Adiabatic, isothermal, and isochoric processes.
- □ The Maxwell relations and their use to determine relationships between thermodynamic variables. Equations of state.
- □ Thermodynamics of phase transitions including heat of fusion, latent heat, and entropy changes. The Clausius-Clapeyron equation.
- □ Calculation of partition functions and their use to calculate the physical properties. This includes systems with discrete energy spectra and phase space integration.
- □ Heat capacity of gases with translational and rotational degrees of freedom. The Dulong-Petit and Einstein models for the heat capacity.
- $\Box\,$ Maxwell and Boltzmann distributions.
- □ Bose and Fermi statistics. Electron degeneracy in metals. Bose-Einstein condensation. Calculation of the energy distribution of a blackbody and the energy flux.

Suggested textbooks:

- F. Reif, Fundamentals of Statistical and Thermal Physics
- H. B. Callen, Thermodynamics and an Introduction to Thermostatistics
- K. Stowe, Introduction to Statistical Mechanics and Thermodynamics